

2023 COUNTY ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

County of

Section I – Introduction

Statutory Requirements

- Under the terms of the County Code and the Second Class County Code as amended by Act 103 of 2002, state law requires the county controller or county auditors to file an Annual Financial Report.
- The County Annual Financial Report forms, supplied by the Pennsylvania Department of Community and Economic Development (DCED), were developed and approved by a County Forms Committee composed of representatives of the County Commissioners Association, the County Controllers Association, County Auditors Association, Governor's Office, DCED and members of the General Assembly.
- Form DCED-CLGS-20 is the uniform form adopted by the Committee for use by all counties in Pennsylvania to fulfill their statutory reporting requirements.

Submitting the Online Report

- File one copy by the designated date at each of the places listed in Section IV.
- DO NOT submit a paper copy of this report to the DCED. Reports must be submitted online at: <u>munstats.pa.gov/forms/login.aspx</u> (Please see the e-filing instructions in Section IV.)
- The online system will automatically round all figures to the nearest whole dollar. The system will also add all rows and columns, following basic accounting principles.
- If you need assistance or have any questions when completing this report, please contact the Governor's Center for Local Government Services (GCLGS) toll-free at 888-223-6837.

Section II – Completing the County Annual Financial Report (DCED CLGS-20)

The DCED suggests referring to the Government Finance Officers Association's (GFOA) accounting and reporting guide, *Government Accounting, Auditing and Financial Reporting* (commonly referred to as the Blue Book), 2012 edition.

The GFOA's Blue Book provides practical guidance in the preparation and presentation of both the government-wide financial statements and the fund statements contained herein.

Appendix C of the 2012 GFOA Blue Book illustrates the conversion of the governmental fund financial statements to the governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. The conversion adjustments that are developed using Appendix C will be the basis for the reconciliation at the bottom of the Balance Sheet — Governmental Funds and the Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities.

Please also note that for assistance in classifying your county's functions and programs into the activities in the government-wide statement of activities, refer to the "Function, Program and Activity Classification" section of Appendix E of the 2012 GFOA Blue Book.

Overview of the Financial Statements in this Report

The County Annual Financial Report requires reporting both a county's government-wide financial statements and fund financial statements.

The government-wide financial statements consist of the Government-wide Statement of Net Position and the Government-wide Statement of Activities — the first two financial statements of this report.

The remaining statements contained herein are fund financial statements in addition to a Debt Statement and a Statement of Capital Additions.

Fund financial statements consist of the Balance Sheet and the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances of the Governmental Funds, the Statement of Net Position and Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Fund Position of the Proprietary Funds and the Statement of Fiduciary Net Position and Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position of the Fiduciary Funds.

Component units are legally separate organizations with legal and/or organizational ties to the primary government (i.e., the county). A county's discretely reported component units (i.e. those component units whose financial activities are reported separately from the county primary government information) should not be reported in the County Annual Financial Report.

Preparing the Government-wide Financial Statements

The following illustrates the roll-up of the fund types into the governmental activities and business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements and the basis of accounting used to report each.

Government-wide activities	Funds	Basis of accounting
Governmental activities	All governmental funds, consisting of the general fund, special revenue funds, capital project funds, debt service funds and permanent funds.	Full accrual for governmental activities. Modified accrual for all governmental funds.
Business-type activities	- Enterprise Funds - Internal Service Funds*	Full accrual

Note that in preparing the governmental activities, it is not sufficient to simply sum the governmental fund accounts. The adjustments illustrated in Appendix C of the 2012 GFOA Blue Book should be prepared and used to adjust the governmental fund accounts in order to arrive at the governmental activities for the Government-wide Statement of Net Position and Government-wide Statement of Activities.

The adjustments illustrated in Appendix C of the 2012 GFOA Blue Book, once prepared, are used to complete the reconciliation at the bottom of the Balance Sheet – Governmental Funds and the Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities.

In the Government-wide Statement of Net Position and the Government-wide Statement of Activities forms, internal service fund accounts, after profit or loss elimination, are reported in either governmental activities or business-type activities depending on which activities benefit from the internal service fund.*

Fiduciary funds such as pension trust funds, investment trust funds, private-purpose trust funds and custodial funds are not included in either governmental activities or business-type activities, but instead are reported separately in the Statement of Fiduciary Net Position and the Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position using the accrual basis of accounting. Note that agency funds are changing to custodial funds for periods beginning after December 15, 2018. Custodial funds would include what was used to be reported as agency funds. These funds report resources held temporarily before being passed along to intended recipients.

Definitions

Definitions are presented first for the activity types and funds included in this report. Definitions are then provided for the "rows" in each of the Annual Financial Report's financial statements.

ACTIVITY TYPES AND FUNDS

Governmental activities. Governmental activities are generally financed through taxes, intergovernmental revenues (grants) and other revenues. Governmental funds roll-up into governmental activities (see table above), although adjustments (refer to Appendix C of the 2012 GFOA Blue Book) are necessary to convert the governmental fund accounts from the modified accrual basis of accounting to the full accrual basis of accounting. Internal service funds are also reported (net of profit/loss elimination) with governmental activities if their activities are primarily provided to governmental funds.

Business-type activities. Business-type activities are financed in whole or in part by fees charged to external parties for the goods or services they provide. Enterprise funds roll-up into business-type activities (see table above). Internal service funds are also reported (net of profit/loss elimination) with business-type activities if their activities are primarily provided to enterprise funds.

General fund. The general fund serves as the chief operating fund of the county. The general fund is used to account for all financial resources except those accounted for in another fund.

Major governmental funds (MAJOR #1, etc.) and major enterprise funds (MAJOR ENT. #1, etc.). The focus of governmental and proprietary fund financial statements is on major funds. Major funds are, generally speaking, the largest funds of a county relative to the county's other similar funds. Although funds must meet a percentage threshold test before being reported as major, a county can elect to report a non-major fund as a major fund because of its significance to the county. Use Section III – Major Fund Determination and the Major Fund Calculation Worksheet to determine your county's major funds.

Other governmental funds. On the Balance Sheet – Governmental Funds and the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances – Governmental Funds, report all governmental funds here except for the General Fund and any governmental funds that are reported on these statements as major funds (Major #1, etc.). Funds that are combined and reported under "Other Governmental Funds" include non-major governmental funds such as non-major special revenue funds, debt service funds, capital project funds and permanent funds.

Other business funds. On the Statement of Net Position – Proprietary Funds and the Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Position – Proprietary Funds, report all enterprise funds here except for any enterprise funds that are reported on these statements as major funds (MAJOR ENT. #1, etc.). Non-major enterprise funds are combined and reported in this column.

Internal service funds. Internal service funds are funds that provide goods or services to other funds, departments or agencies of the county on a cost-reimbursement basis. County self-insurance activities, information systems and motor pools are commonly accounted for as internal service funds.

Fiduciary funds (Fiduciary #1, etc.). Fiduciary funds consist of pension trust funds, investment trust funds, private-purpose trust funds and custodial funds. Note that agency funds are changing to custodial funds for periods beginning after December 15, 2018. Custodial funds would include what was used to be reported as agency funds. These funds report resources held temporarily before being passed along to intended recipients. In regard to county defined benefit pension plans, the Statement of Plan Net Position and the Statement of Changes in Plan Net Position are equivalent to the Statement of Fiduciary Net Position and the Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position and should be reported therein.

The collection and disbursement activities of county row offices are commonly reported as custodial funds. These funds would include what used to be reported as agency funds. A county's custodial funds should be combined and reported in a single column using the heading "Custodial Funds" on the Statement of Fiduciary Net Position – Fiduciary Funds. Custodail funds are reported in the *Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position*.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

Current Assets:

Cash and cash equivalents. Cash, checking and savings accounts, certificates of deposits and other investments with maturities generally of three months or less. Examples of cash equivalents can be treasury bills, commercial paper and money market funds with maturities of three months or less.

Investments. Securities with original maturities of more than three months. Includes treasury bills, commercial paper, money market funds and other investment instruments held for more than three months.

Receivables (net of allowance for doubtful accounts). Includes amounts due to the county, less allowances for uncollectible balances. Includes taxes receivable, court costs and fines receivable, interest receivable and other amounts due to the county. Excludes amounts due from other governments and due from other funds.

Due from other governments. Amounts due from other governments. Typically grants, entitlements or shared revenues or loans and charges for goods or services rendered by the reporting government for another government.

Internal balances. Used on the Government-wide Statement of Net Position to report the net interfund receivables/payables between the county's governmental activities and business-type activities on the Government-wide Statement of Net Position. Amounts reported in the governmental activities and business-type activities columns should agree and offset one another.

Inventories. Supplies on hand for future consumption or use.

Prepaids. Payments for which the benefits have not yet been received. Examples include prepaid rent and unexpired insurance premiums.

Temporarily restricted cash and cash equivalents, investments and intergovernmental receivables. Cash and cash equivalents, investments and intergovernmental receivables with a term restriction that ends within a short period after the date of the financial statements. Bond proceeds restricted to capital expenditures would typically be reported as temporarily restricted.

Non-Current Assets:

Permanently restricted investments. Permanently restricted investments are unavailable to pay a government's expenses/expenditures. For example, resident funds at a county-owned, long-term care facility.

Land. Land purchased by the government, including costs incurred such as land clearing in preparing the land for its intended use.

Construction in progress. The incurred costs of ongoing construction projects.

Buildings and systems. Building costs, including acquisition and closing costs. Includes costs of plumbing, electrical and HVAC systems and installation.

Improvements other than buildings. Permanent improvements, other than buildings, that add value to land such as fences, landscaping and parking lots.

Machinery and equipment. Includes all other depreciable fixed assets used in the government's operations, such as vehicles, computers, desks, etc.

Infrastructure. Tangible property that is generally fixed to the land such as bridges, roads, drainage systems, water and sewer systems, etc.

DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES:

The 2012 GFOA Blue Book defines a deferred outflow of resources as "a consumption of net position by the government that is applicable to a future reporting period."

An example of a deferred outflow of resources would be resources provided to a grantee before the grantee has met related time requirements, but after all other eligibility criteria have been met.

Some suggested line items have been listed in this section on the report. However, deferred outflows of resources not mentioned on the report, should be listed separately using the "Other" lines. A description must be provided.

Deferred amount on debt refunding. Unamortized difference between the carrying value of refunded debt and the resources used to defease it.

Deferrals related to pensions. Changes in the net pension liability that is not included in pension expense are required to be reported as deferred outflows of resources or deferred inflows of resources. Such changes may result from differences between expected and actual experience, or changes in assumptions, and will be identified and measured by the pension actuary. Also, any employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date of the net pension liability are required to be reported as deferred outflows of resources.

Deferred outflows of resources – "Other" lines. Deferred outflows of resources other than those provided for above. A description must be provided.

Liabilities:

Accounts payable. Amounts owed for goods and services received by a county. This account can include salaries/wages and related benefits and payroll taxes payable.

Due to other governments. Amounts owed by the county to another government.

Unearned revenue. Amounts under the accrual and modified accrual basis of accounting for which asset recognition criteria have been met, but for which revenue recognition criteria have not yet been met because such amounts have not yet been earned.

Funds held as fiduciary. Liability for amounts that the county is holding in a fiduciary capacity, such as taxes received under appeal and the amount of resident funds at a county owned long-term care facility.

Debt due within one year. The portion of the county's long-term debt, including bonds, notes and leases payable, that is due on demand or is payable within one year.

Other current liabilities. Other current amounts owed by the county not reported in other accounts. Report and properly describe individually significant accounts on lines provided. The amount of compensated absences and claims and judgments due within one year may be reported with other current liabilities.

Non-current liabilities:

Debt due in more than one year. The portion of long-term bonds, notes and leases payable due beyond one year.

Other non-current liabilities. The portion of other post-employment benefits (OPEB), compensated absences, and, claims and judgments due beyond one year.

DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES:

The 2012 GFOA Blue Book defines a deferred inflow of resources as "an acquisition of net position by the government that is applicable to a future reporting period".

An example of a deferred inflow of resources would be property taxes that are unavailable as of the balance sheet date.

Some suggested line items have been listed in this section on the report. However, deferred inflows of resources not mentioned on the report, should be listed separately using the "Other" lines. A description must be provided.

Deferred amount on debt refunding. Unamortized difference between the carrying value of refunded debt and the resources used to defease it.

Deferrals related to pensions. Changes in the net pension liability that are not included in pension expense are required to be reported as deferred inflows of resources or deferred outflows of resources. Such changes may result from differences between expected and actual experience, or changes in assumptions, and will be identified and measured by the pension actuary.

Deferred inflows of resources "Other" lines. Deferred inflows of resources other than those provided for above. A description must be provided.

Net Position:

Net investment in capital assets. Consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of borrowings attributable to the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets. Deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets or related debt also should be included.

Restricted net position. Consists of restricted assets reduced by liabilities and deferred inflows of resources related to those assets.

Unrestricted net position. The difference between total net position and its two other components (net investment in capital assets and restricted net position).

GOVERNMENT-WIDE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

Governmental and business-type activities. The rows on this financial statement represent the roll-up of all of a government's governmental and business programs/functions/activities into the summary activities shown on the government-wide statement of activities. The summary activities shown on the Government-wide Statement of Activities are the highest-level government-wide activity classifications from the GFOA Blue Book. The GFOA Blue Book illustrates where (i.e. into which summary activity) each of a government's individual programs/functions/departments should be reported. For help in categorizing county programs/departments/activities and their total expenses and program revenues on the Government-wide Statement of Activities refer to the section titled "Function, Program and Activity Classification" in Appendix E of the GFOA Blue Book.

Please note the expanded line item under Functions/Programs: Primary government - Corrections. This line item includes accounts for recording expenditures for confinement of law violators and for probation and parole activities involved in their rehabilitation. Examples of expenses included in this line are: correctional administration, adult correctional institutions, juvenile correctional institutions, delinguents in other institutions, adult probation and parole and juvenile probation and parole. All "Other Public Safety" related expenses should continue to be reported on the "Public Safety" line item.

Expenses. The total expenses for a county's activities.

Interest on long-term debt. Interest on long-term debt generally should not be reported with the expenses of a benefiting activity, but should instead be reported here.

Unallocated depreciation. Depreciation not properly reported as a direct expense of a function or program.

Program revenues. Revenues that derive directly from the program itself (fees and charges) or from sources outside the reporting government's tax base directly related to the program; they reduce the net cost of the function to be financed from the government's general revenues.

Charges for services. Revenue from those who purchase, use or benefit from the goods or services of the program. Charges for services should be reported in the activity in which they are generated.

Operating grants and contributions. Revenue from other governments and other organizations for the conduct of the program/activity. Grants and contributions that may be used for either operating or capital purposes should be reported as operating grants or contributions.

Capital grants and contributions. Capital grant and contribution revenue received for the purpose of conducting the program/activity. A capital grant or contribution must involve a capital asset of the government itself.

General revenues. All revenues not reported as program revenues in the Government-wide Statement of Activities.

Taxes (real estate, per capital, sales and other taxes). The county should report as general revenues even taxes whose use is limited to particular functions such as road maintenance. A government's tax revenues should be reported separately by type of tax using additional lines, if necessary, with adequate descriptions.

Licenses and permits. County license and permit revenues are reported as general revenue, unless received from those who directly benefit from the services of a program. For example, hunting licenses would not be general revenue because the payers benefit from the program.

Grant and contributions not restricted. Grants and contributions that may be used for general government purposes and that are not restricted to spending on specific functions.

Unrestricted investment earnings. Earnings on cash and investment balances that are not restricted to be spent on specific programs/function.

Other (general) revenues. Other general revenues that are not program revenues and that may be spent on activities at the discretion of the reporting government. Individually significant general revenues should be separately reported on the lines provided and properly described.

Transfers. On the Government-wide Statement of Activities net transfers-in and net transfers-out between governmental activities and business-type activities are to be reported on this line. Amounts reported in the governmental activities and business-type activities columns should agree and offset one another.

Net position – **Beginning of year.** Report here the net position reported to the DCED in the prior fiscal year. If the prior year's report to the DCED was amended, the net position reported on the latest amended report filed with the DCED should be reported here.

Prior period adjustment. Represents errors or missed adjustments in amounts affecting net position reported to the DCED in the prior fiscal year that were not the subject of an amended prior year report filed with the DCED.

BALANCE SHEET – GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

Assets:

Cash and cash equivalents. See definition under Government-wide Statement of Net Position.

Investments. See definition under Government-wide Statement of Net Position.

Receivables (net of allowance for doubtful accounts). See definition under Government-wide Statement of Net Position.

Due from other governments. See definition under Government-wide Statement of Net Position.

Due from other funds. Amounts owed for goods and services paid for on behalf of another fund of the reporting government or for interfund loans or advances.

Inventories. See definition under Government-wide Statement of Net Position.

Prepaids. See definition under Government-wide Statement of Net Position.

Temporarily restricted cash and cash equivalents, investments and intergovernmental receivables. See definition under Government-wide Statement of Net Position.

Permanently restricted investments. See definition under Government-wide Statement of Net Position.

Deferred Outflows of Resources:

See explanation under Government-wide Statement of Net Position.

Deferred outflows of resources - Other: _____. A description must be provided.

Liabilities:

Accounts payable. See definition under Government-wide Statement of Net Position.

Due to other governments. See definition under Government-wide Statement of Net Position.

Due to other funds. Amounts due for goods and services paid for by another fund of a county or for interfund loans and advances.

Unearned revenue. See definition under Government-wide Statement of Net Position.

Deferred Inflows of Resources:

See definition under Government-wide Statement of Net Position.

Unavailable revenue. Amounts under the modified accrual basis of accounting for which asset recognition criteria have been met, but for which revenue recognition criteria have not yet been met because such amounts are measurable but not available for expenditure.

Deferred inflows of resources – Other: _____. A description must be provided.

Fund Balance:

(The following information on Fund Balance Reporting in the Balance Sheet – Governmental Funds is taken from the 2012 GFOA Blue Book.)

Fund Balance describes the difference between the assets, liabilities, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources reported in a governmental fund. New requirements under GASB 54 states that financial statements for governmental funds may report up to five components of fund balance: Nonspendable Fund Balance, Restricted Fund Balance, Committed Fund Balance, Assigned Fund Balance and Unassigned Fund Balance. The various components of fund balance are designed to indicate "the extent to which the government is bound to honor constraints on the specific purposes for which amounts in the fund can be spent". Because circumstances differ among governments, not every government or every governmental fund will present all of these components. Definitions for each of the components of fund balance are as follows:

Nonspendable – not in spendable form – ______- - Segregation of a portion of fund balance to indicate that the amount cannot be spent because the resources are not in spendable form. This category typically includes items such as assets held for resale, long-term notes and loans receivable and advances to other funds. However, if proceeds from the sale or collection of these items are restricted, committed or assigned then they should be included in the appropriate category rather than the nonspendable fund balance category. A description must be provided.

Nonspendable – **requirement to maintain intact** – ______ - Segregation of a portion of fund balance to indicate that the amount cannot be spent because the resources are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact (ex. the principal of an endowment or a revolving loan fund). A description must be provided.

Restricted fund balance is the portion of the net position of a governmental fund that represents resources subject to externally enforceable constraints. Restricted fund balance includes resources that will be used to liquidate encumbrances related to purchase orders payable from restricted resources (ex. a purchase order related to a grant). A description must be provided.

Committed fund balance is the portion of the net position of a governmental fund that represents resources whose use is subject to a legally binding constraint that is imposed by the government itself at its highest level of decision-making authority and that remains legally binding unless removed in the same manner. If a government has a stabilization arrangement in place based on the type of internally imposed constraints described above, and if the circumstances that trigger spending are specific and nonroutine, then these resources would be reflected in committed fund balance. Committed fund balance also includes resources that will be used to liquidate encumbrances related to purchase orders payable from committed resources. A description must be provided.

Assigned fund balance is the portion of the net position of a governmental fund that represents resources set aside ("earmarked") by the government for a particular purpose. Assigned fund balance must be established at either the highest level of decision making, or by a body (ex. finance committee) or an official designated for that purpose.

Any encumbrance not included in restricted or committed fund balance must be included in assigned fund balance. Assigned fund balance also should reflect any portion of existing fund balance that will be incorporated into the subsequent year's budget to "balance" appropriations. A description must be provided.

The amount reported as assigned fund balance can never exceed total fund balance and the sum total of its non-spendable, restricted and committed components.

Unassigned fund balance is the difference between total fund balance in a governmental fund and its nonspendable, restricted, committed and assigned components. It is not possible to report a positive amount of unassigned fund balance in a governmental fund other than the general fund. However, if a governmental fund other than the general fund were to have nonspendable, restricted and committed fund balance in excess of total fund balance, the difference would be reported as a negative unassigned fund balance.

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because... This is the reconciliation between the net position of governmental activities in the Government-wide Statement of Net Position to the governmental fund balance on this financial statement. Types of common reconciling differences are provided. Reconciling items not provided for should be written on the lines provided and properly described. Appendix C of the GFOA Blue Book provides assistance in identifying reconciling items.

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES – GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

Revenues:

Taxes:

Real estate taxes. County real estate tax revenues.
Per capita taxes. County per capita tax revenues.
Personal property taxes. County personal property tax revenues.
Hotel room taxes. County hotel tax revenues.
Sales taxes. County sales tax revenues.
Other (taxes). Other tax revenues of the county separately listed.

Intergovernmental revenues. Revenues from other governments in the form of operating grants, entitlements, shared revenues or payments in lieu of taxes.

Federal. Grants and entitlements from federal sources.

State. Grants and entitlements from state sources.

Local government units. Grants and revenues from other local governments.

Combination. Grants and entitlements that represent a combination of federal and state sources.

Charges for services. Revenue from those who purchase, use, or benefit from the goods or services of the program.

Miscellaneous revenues:

Interest earnings. Interest earnings on cash, savings and investment balances and notes receivable.

Rents. Rent received on county owned assets.

Private contributions and donations. Private source contributions and donations of cash and other assets.

Fines and Forfeits. Include these in the Miscellaneous revenues section on the "Other" lines.

Expenditures: For an explanation of expenditure "rows" (i.e. a county's governmental activities) see discussion under "Governmental and business-type activities" in the Government-wide Statement of Activities section of these instructions.

Please note the expanded line item in the expenditures section of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances – Governmental Funds.*

Corrections. See Government-wide Statement of Activities.

Debt service. Debt service principal and interest payments due within the reporting period.

Capital outlay. Expenditures for acquiring capital assets, including land, buildings, equipment, etc.

Other Financing Sources/(Uses):

Interfund transfers. Transfers to other county funds.

Sale of capital assets. Proceeds from the sale of county owned capital assets.

Long-term debt issued. The face amount of any long-term debt issued.

Payment on advanced refunding of debt. Payment to bond escrow agent for advanced refunding of debt.

FUND BALANCE (DEFICIT) – **Beginning of year.** The fund balance reported to the DCED in the prior fiscal year. If the prior year's report to the DCED was amended, the fund balance reported on the latest amended report filed with the DCED should be reported here.

Prior period adjustment. Represents errors or missed adjustments in amounts affecting fund balance reported to the DCED in the prior fiscal year that were not the subject of an amended prior year report filed with the DCED.

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

Report here differences between the amounts reported on the governmental fund's Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances and the amounts reported under governmental activities on the Government-wide Statement of Activities. The most common reconciling differences are listed. Use blank lines provided for additional reconciling differences. Refer to Appendix C of the GFOA Blue Book for additional guidance.

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION – PROPRIETARY FUNDS

Current Assets:

Cash and cash equivalents. See definition under Government-wide Statement of Net Position.

Investments. See definition under Government-wide Statement of Net Position.

Receivables (net of allowance for doubtful accounts). See definition under Government-wide Statement of Net Position.

Due from other governments. See definition under Government-wide Statement of Net Position.

Due from other funds. See definition under Government-wide Statement of Net Position.

Inventories. See definition under Government-wide Statement of Net Position.

Prepaids. See definition under Government-wide Statement of Net Position.

Temporarily restricted cash and cash equivalents, investments and intergovernmental receivables. See definition under Government-wide Statement of Net Position.

Non-Current Assets:

Permanently restricted investments. See definition under Government-wide Statement of Net Position.

Land. See definition under Government-wide Statement of Net Position.

Construction in progress. See definition under Government-wide Statement of Net Position.

Buildings and systems. See definition under Government-wide Statement of Net Position.

Improvements other than buildings. See definition under Government-wide Statement of Net Position.

Machinery and equipment. See definition under Government-wide Statement of Net Position.

Infrastructure. See definition under Government-wide Statement of Net Position.

Deferred Outflows of Resources:

See explanation under Government-wide Statement of Net Position.

Deferred amount on debt refunding. See explanation under Government-wide Statement of Net Position.

Deferrals related to pensions. See explanation under Government-wide Statement of Net Position.

Deferred outflows of resources "Other" lines. See explanation under Government-wide Statement of Net Position.

Current Liabilities:

Accounts payable. See definition under Government-wide Statement of Net Position.

Due to other governments. See definition under Government-wide Statement of Net Position.

Due to other funds. See Definition under Government-wide Statement of Net Position.

Unearned revenue. See definition under Government-wide Statement of Net Position.

Funds held as fiduciary. See definition under Government-wide Statement of Net Position.

Debt due within one year. See definition under Government-wide Statement of Net Position.

Other current liabilities. See definition under Government-wide Statement of Net Position.

Non-Current Liabilities:

Debt due in more than one year. See definition under Government-wide Statement of Net Position.

Other non-current liabilities. See definition under Government-wide Statement of Net Position.

Deferred Inflows of Resources:

See explanation under Government-wide Statement of Net Position.

Deferred amount on debt refunding. See explanation under Government-wide Statement of Net Position.

Deferrals related to pensions. See explanation under Government-wide Statement of Net Position.

Deferred inflows of resources "Other" lines. See explanation under Government-wide Statement of Net Position.

Net Position:

Net investment in capital assets. See definition under Government-wide Statement of Net Position.

Restricted Net Position. See definition under Government-wide Statement of Net Position.

Unrestricted Net Position. See definition under Government-wide Statement of Net Position.

Adjustments to reflect the consolidation of internal service fund activities related to enterprise funds. Report here the net position (after profit/loss elimination) of internal service funds that benefit (i.e. are reported in) business-type activities in the Government-wide Statement of Net Position but are not included in the enterprise fund net position. If a county's internal service funds benefit only (i.e. are charged only to) its governmental funds/activities, then this line will not be used.

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION – PROPRIETARY FUNDS

Operating Revenues:

Charges for services. See definition under Government-wide Statement of Activities.

Operating grants. See definition under Government-wide Statement of Activities.

Operating Expenses:

Personnel services. Employee salaries, wages, fringe benefits and payroll taxes.

Contracted services. Professional and technical expenditures and other contracted expenses.

Supplies and materials. Supplies, materials and other consumables, including expenditures for energy such as gas, bulk oil, electric etc.

Repairs and maintenance. Expenses for the upkeep of buildings and county personal property.

Utilities. Expenditures for utility services, such as water/sewage, custodial etc.

Other services and charges. Other services not reported elsewhere.

Depreciation and amortization. Period allocation of the cost of assets used by the county to provide services. Typically on a straightline amortization basis.

Non-Operating Revenues/(Expenses):

Intergovernmental. Revenues made by one level or unit of a government to another government in support of activities administered by the recipient government.

Investment earnings. Interest earnings and gains/losses on investments.

Interest expense. Interest expense incurred on debt or capital leases.

Gain/(loss) on sale of assets. Gain/(loss) on sale of county owned real or personal property.

Capital Contributions. Capital contributions are created when a general fixed asset is transferred to a proprietary fund or when a grant is received that is externally restricted to capital acquisition or construction. Contributions restricted to capital acquisition and construction would also be reported on this line.

Transfers in/out. Financial resources provided from one fund to another.

Net position – Beginning of year. See definition under Government-wide Statement of Activities.

Prior period adjustment. See definition under Government-wide Statement of Activities.

Adjustments to reflect the consolidation of internal service fund activities related to enterprise funds. Report here the net position (after profit/loss elimination) of internal service funds that benefit (i.e. are reported in) business-type activities in the Government-wide Statement of Net Position but are not included in the enterprise fund net position. If a county's internal service funds benefit only (i.e. are charged only to) its governmental funds/activities, then this line will not be used.

STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION

Assets:

Cash and cash equivalents. See definition under Government-wide Statement of Net Position.

Receivables (net of allowance for doubtful accounts). See definition under Government-wide Statement of Net Position.

Investments, at fair value. Securities held by pension trust funds such as equity investments, U.S. government securities and corporate bonds that are reported at fair value at the end of the county's fiscal year.

Due from other funds. See definition under Government-wide Statement of Net Position.

Temporarily restricted cash and cash equivalents, investments, and intergovernmental receivables. See definition under Government-wide Statement of Net Position.

Permanently restricted investments. See definition under Government-wide Statement of Net Position.

Other assets. Asset balances not reported in other accounts. Individually significant account balances should be reported separately on lines provided and sufficiently described.

Deferred Outflows of Resources:

See explanation under Government-wide Statement of Net Position.

Liabilities:

Accounts payable and other current liabilities. Amounts owed for goods and services received by a county. This account can include salaries/wages and related benefits and payroll taxes payable and other current amounts owed by the county not reported in other accounts.

Due to other funds. See definition under Government-wide Statement of Net Position.

Due to other governments. See definition under Government-wide Statement of Net Position.

Funds held as fiduciary. See definition under Government-wide Statement of Net Position.

Other liabilities. Amounts owed by the county not reported in other accounts. Report individually significant accounts on lines provided and properly describe.

Deferred Inflows of Resources:

See explanation under Government-wide Statement of Net Position.

Net Position:

Net position restricted for specific purpose. Applicable to fiduciary funds only. Used for reporting net position balances in fiduciary funds that are restricted for a fiduciary purpose.

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION

Additions:

Contributions:

Employer. County contributions.

Plan members. Contributions from plan members, including retirement payroll withholdings.

Private donations. Contributions from other than the county and plan members.

Other contributions. Other contributions to the net position of the fiduciary fund. Individually significant contributions should be reported on the "Other" lines provided and properly described.

Investment earnings:

Interest. Interest income and dividend income.

Net increase (decrease) in the fair value of investments. The net increase (decrease) in the fair value of plan investments.

Other investment earnings. Individually significant investment earnings should be separately reported on the "other" lines provided and properly described.

Less investment expenses. Total investment expense including management and other fees and costs.

Deductions:

Benefits. Benefits and refunds paid to plan members.

Administrative expenses. Total administrative expenses.

Other deductions. Other deductions to the net position of the fiduciary fund. Individually significant deductions should be separately reported on the "other" lines provided and properly described.

Net position - Beginning of year. See explanation under Government-wide Statement of Net Position.

Prior period adjustment. See explanation under Government-wide Statement of Net Position.

DEBT STATEMENT

The debt statement should identify the individual debt issues, notes and capital lease payables that are included in the county's debt reported on the Government-wide Statement of Net Position as current liabilities - debt due within one year and non-current liabilities-debt due in more than one year. Capitalized lease obligations and unamortized discounts or premiums resulting from differences between market and issue interest rates existing at the date of issuance should be listed in total to arrive at the Net Debt calculation on the Debt Statement.

Guaranteed Debt Section. The information in this section is optional. DCED requests that if you have a GAAP basis financial statement with footnotes, that you provide the information for this section. This information can be found in the "Notes to the Financial Statements" from the audited financial statements prepared by the independent auditor. If providing this information, please include related amounts reported in the "Debt Statement," if any. Do not include debt payments that are incurred and paid off within the same fiscal year or other items such as workers compensation, other postemployment benefits, self-insurance, compensated absences, claim liabilities, etc.

SCHEDULE OF CAPITAL ADDITIONS BY FUNCTION AND ACTIVITY

Governmental-Type/Business-Type Activity:

Capital additions are reported by activity category. Use the county's capitalization threshold in determining which expenditures are capital in nature. Report the total capital additions excluding capital donations by function and activity.

Employee Compensation:

Total wages, salaries, commissions and other compensation paid during the year to officers and employees, including elected officials. Include compensation paid to elected tax collectors. Use amount from box 16 of the W-3 Statement.

Section III – Major Fund Determination Procedures

Overview

Fund financial statements are required to be reported on a "major fund" level. Because larger state and local governments sometimes have many funds within their ledgers, GASB felt it was important to focus on the funds that have the most impact within the government's activities. Major funds will be determined for both the governmental and proprietary fund statements. In each set of the fund financial statements, major funds will have their own individual columns for reporting. Additionally, all the non-major funds in each set of statements will always be consolidated into a column entitled "Other Governmental Funds" or "Other Business Funds".

Major Fund Criteria

In determining what funds are major, GASB provided the following guidance:

- The General Fund is always considered a major fund.
- A government can determine that any particular fund is major if they believe it is of particular importance to the financial statement user.
- Additionally, any fund must be reported as a major fund if it is determined they meet both of the following criteria (see Chapter 13, Government Fund Financial Statements, of the 2012 GFOA Blue Book).

Ten percent criteria. An individual governmental fund reports at least 10 percent of any of the following: a) total governmental fund assets plus deferred outflows of resources, b) total governmental fund liabilities plus deferred inflows of resources, c) total governmental fund revenues, or d) total governmental fund expenses for its particular fund type (i.e. governmental or proprietary). Other financing sources and uses are excluded for purposes of this calculation.

Five percent criterion. An individual governmental fund reports at least five percent of the aggregated total for both governmental funds and enterprise funds of any one of the items for which it met the 10 percent criterion.

To assist in the major fund determination, please use the Major Fund Determination Worksheet. An illustrative example has also been provided.

Notes for Major Fund Determination Worksheet

Note 1

To meet the qualification for "Major Fund" status under GASB Statement #34, any given fund element must exceed both the five percent and 10 percent thresholds. The General Fund will, in every case, be considered a major fund.

Note 2

A minimum number of funds should be maintained. Separate physical accounts do not require separate funds. It is recommended that all capital projects be folded into one fund and all debt service funds be folded into one fund for financial reporting purposes.

Note 3

Current year data must be used to make this determination.

Note 4

Do not include "Other Financing Sources/(Uses)" as part of the calculation for "Major Governmental Funds" determination. Do not include "Capital Contributions" and "Transfers In/(Out)" as part of the "Major Enterprise Funds" determination.

To assist in the major fund determination, please use the Major Fund Determination Worksheet. An illustrative example has also been provided.

Section IV – County Annual Financial Report Form

For your convenience, the County Annual Financial Report form may be photocopied as often as necessary.

State law requires that the appropriate county official complete and submit the DCED's *County Annual Financial Report* in its entirety each year. **Please refer to your County Code for other financial reporting requirements.**

In order to allow for greater efficiency in the distribution, processing and reporting of the information on the *County Annual Financial Report* form, the DCED requires counties to file this form electronically over the internet.

NEW KEYSTONE LOGIN SERVICE

The Commonwealth's login service has changed. Every *Municipal Statistics* e-filer will be required to register in the new *PA Keystone Login* service. To learn more, please click the link titled, "PA Keystone Login Service Guide" under the General News section of the Municipal Statistics website: <u>munstats.pa.gov/forms</u>.

Please Note – In order to function correctly, the Municipal Statistics website requires the following:

- · Microsoft Internet Explorer 9 or later (also compatible with Microsoft Edge and Google Chrome web browsers)
- You may e-file from any computer with Microsoft Edge, Internet Explorer or Google Chrome web browsers.

Call with Questions – Please feel free to call the Governor's Center for Local Government Services toll-free at 888-223-6837 if you have any questions when completing the County Annual financial Report.

The DCED *County Annual Financial Report* paper copy (which may be used as a worksheet) can be downloaded and printed by visiting the DCED's web site at dced.pa.gov/local-government/municipal-statistics. From the Municipal Statistics webpage, click on the link for *Audit Worksheets*. Please note that the DCED will no longer accept a paper copy of the Audit.

Who is required to file?	Filing Deadline
Controller of First, Third through Eighth Class Counties	July 1
Auditors of First, Third through Eighth Class Counties	July 1
Controllers of Second and Second Class A Counties	1st Monday in July

Major Fund? Expendit-ures/ Expenses 5% & 10% CRITERIA TEST Assets and Liabilities Deferred and Deferred Outflows of Inflows of Revenues Resources Resources Expenditures/ Expenses **MAJOR FUND DETERMINATION WORKSHEET** Revenues Assets and Liabilities and Deferred Outflows Deferred Inflows of Resources of Resources 5% of Sum of Governmental & Enterprise Funds 10% of Governmental Funds Total Sum of Governmental & Enterprise Funds **Governmental Funds Total GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS 10% of Enterprise Funds** Enterprise Fund Total **ENTERPRISE FUNDS** Fund Name Fund

	SAMP	SAMPLE MAJOR F	FUND DETERMINATION WORKSHEET	MINATION W	ORKSHEET		5% & 10%	5% & 10% CRITERIA TEST	IA TEST	
Fund #	Fund Name	Assets and Deferred Outflows of Resources	Liabilities and Deferred Inflows of Resources	Revenues	Expenditures/ Expenses	Assets and Deferred Outflows of Resources	Liabilities and Deferred Inflows of Resources	Revenues	Expendit- ures/ Expenses	Major Fund?
100	General	19,750,461	4,585,422	41,965,788	33,703,992					Always
400	Debt Service	628	0	2,252	6,173,143	٩	No	٩	٩	Non-Major
300/301	Capital Projects	848,334	288,123	23,000	916,256	No	No	No	No	Non-Major
245	Liquid Fuels	598,131	7,618	691,278	773,422	٩	No	No	No	Non-Major
225	DRO	662,742	597,478	2,003,726	2,345,492	٩	No	No	No	Non-Major
240	Human Services Development	104,121	104,121	470,705	360,516	٩	No	No	N	Non-Major
230	Drug & Alcohol	664,671	322,532	2,972,603	3,121,997	٩	No	No	No	Non-Major
255	Office of Aging	938,929	411,254	3,116,060	3,163,924	٩	No	No	No	Non-Major
270	Food and Shelter	999,899	159,592	3,345,129	3,420,161	٩	N	No	No	Non-Major
215	Children Services	2,494,375	2,494,375	7,748,857	9,465,371	٩	Yes	No	N	Major
220	HealthChoices	28,169	28,169	13,223,377	13,223,368	٩	No	Yes	Yes	Major
250	MHMR	2,809,550	2,809,550	25,450,856	25,973,264	٩	Yes	Yes	Yes	Major
220	Central Booking	24,568	24,568	303,306	1,040,566	٩	No	No	No	Non-Major
275/280	Witness Assistance	79,572	48,009	314,128	434,286	٩	N	No	N	Non-Major
205	ARD/DUI	691	691	348,522	114,105	Ŋ	No	No	N	Non-Major
230/231	Records Improvement	662,559	604	271,395	78,188	٩	No	No	No	Non-Major
265	Solid Waste	2,138,155	49,478	805,220	533,093	٩	No	No	No	Non-Major
200	Affordable Housing	89,615	37,801	321,542	387,356	No	No	No	No	Non-Major
120	Exit 44 Study	99,533	47,719	126,073	57,684	٩	No	No	No	Non-Major
235	Hotel Tax	455,400	455,400	848,556	844,884	٩	No	No	No	Non-Major
800	Landfill Post Closure Trust Fund	674,013	113	23,236	5,271	No	No	No	No	Non-Major
	Government Funds Total	34,124,117	12,472,617	104,375,609	106,136,339					
	10% of Governmental Funds Total	3,412,412	1,247,262	10,437,561	10,613,634					
	ENTERPRISE FUNDS									
640	Nursing Home	20,309,910	15,919,392	18,498,115	18,416,537	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Major
660/610	911	11,845,987	11,824,558	2,190,387	3,664,827	Yes	Yes	No	No	Major
650	Transportation	1,081,828	138,178	842,594	1,746,402	No	No	No	No	Non-Major
630	HAZMAT	68,252	9,220	24,425	119,582	No	No	No	No	Non-Major
620	CCPA Early Learning Center	290,617	50,882	185,594	290,495	No	No	No	No	Non-Major
		33,596,593	27,942,231	21,741,116	24,237,842					
	10% of Enterprise Funds	3,359,659	2,794,223	2,174,112	2,423,784					
Sum of Gov	Sum of Governmental & Enterprise Funds	67,720,711	40,414,848	126,116,725	130,374,181					
5% of Sum	5% of Sum of Governmental & Enterprise Funds	3,386,036	2,020,742	6,305,836	6,518,709					

2023 COUNTY ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT | SAMPLE WORKSHEET

DCED-CLGS-20 (12/2023)

County of _

GOVERNMENT-WIDE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

December 31, 2023

	PF	RIMARY GOVERNME	NT
CURRENT ASSETS:	Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities	Total
Cash and cash equivalents			
nvestments			
Receivables (net of allowance for uncollectibles)			
Due from other governments			
Due from other funds			
nternal balances			
nventories			
Prepaids			
Deferred charges*			
Restricted assets: Temporarily restricted:			
Cash and cash equivalents			
Investments			
Intergovernmental receivable			
Dther			
Other			
		1	1
NON-CURRENT ASSETS: Permanently restricted:			
Investments			
Capital assets not being depreciated:	r	1	1
Land			
Construction in progress			
Capital assets net of accumulated depreciation:		1	1
Buildings and system			
Improvements other than buildings			
Machinery and equipment			
Infrastructure			
Other			

CURRENT ASSETS

* Deferred charges line item no longer in use.

TOTAL ASSETS

	PI	RIMARY GOVERNME	NT
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES:	Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities	Total
Deferred amount on debt refundings			
Deferrals related to pensions			
Other			
Other			
TOTAL DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	\$	\$	\$
TOTAL ASSETS AND DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	\$	\$	\$
LIABILITIES:		1	1
Accounts payable			
Due to other governments			
Due to other funds			
Unearned revenue			
Funds held as fiduciary			
Debt due within one year			
Other current liabilities			
Noncurrent liabilities:		1	1
Debt due in more than one year			
Other non-current liabilities			
Other			
Other			
TOTAL LIABILITIES	\$	\$	\$
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES:		1	
Deferred amount on debt refundings			
Deferred amount on debt refundings Deferrals related to pensions Other Other			
Other			
5 Other			
TOTAL DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	\$	\$	\$
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	\$	\$	\$
NET POSITION:			
Net investment in capital assets			
Restricted			
Unrestricted			
TOTAL NET POSITION	\$	\$	\$

County of _

GOVERNMENT-WIDE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

For the Year Ended December 31, 2023

		PRC	OGRAM REVEN	NUES	NET (EX & CHANC	ENUES DSITION	
FUNCTIONS/PROGRAMS PRIMARY GOVERNMENT: Governmental Activities:	Expenses	Charges for Services	Operating Grants and Contribution	Capital Grants and Contributions	PRIM/ Governmental Activities	ARY GOVERNM Business- type Activities	IENT Total
General government - administrative						$ \land \land$	
General government - judicial						\/	
Public safety						\/	
Corrections							
Highways and streets							
Sanitation							
Health and welfare							
Culture - recreation						-	
Conservation						Ă	
Community/urban redevelopment and housing							
Economic development and assistance							
Economic opportunity						-	
Interest on long-term debt						_/\	
Unallocated depreciation							
Other						- <u> </u>	
Other						/ \	
TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$

Major Business-Type Activities:						
1				\land /		
2				\square		
2 ····						
* ···						
5 ·				\square		
Other Business-Type	\$ \$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
TOTAL BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES	 +	Ŧ	Ŧ	/*	, ,	Ŧ

TOTAL PRIMARY GOVERNMENT	\$ \$	\$ \$	\$ \$

		ET (EXPENSES) REVEN CHANGES IN NET POSI	TION
	Governmental Activities	PRIMARY GOVERNMEN Business-type Activities	Total
OTAL PRIMARY GOVERNMENT (FROM PAGE 18) ENERAL REVENUES: Taxes:	\$	\$	\$
Real Estate			
Per capita			
Occupation		$+$ \wedge $/$ $-$	
Hotel Room Rental		$+$ \times $-$	
Sales		+	
Other		+/	
Other		_/`	×
Licenses and permits			
Grant and contributions not restricted			
Unrestricted investment earnings			
Other			
ansfers			
TOTAL GENERAL REVENUES AND TRANSFERS	\$	\$	\$
CHANGE IN NET POSITION	\$	\$	\$
NET POSITION - BEGINNING OF YEAR			
PRIOR PERIOD ADJUSTMENT			

\$

NET POSITION - END OF YEAR

\$

\$

County of _

BALANCE SHEET – GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

(Including the Reconciliation of Total Governmental Fund Balance to Net Position of Governmental Activities)

December 31, 2023

		Major #1	Major #2	Major #3
ASSETS:	General			
Cash and cash equivalents				
nvestments				
Receivables (net of allowance for uncollectibles)				
Due from other governments				
Due from other funds				
nventories				
Prepaids				
Deferred charges*				
Restricted assets:				
Temporarily restricted:		1		1
Cash and cash equivalents				
Investments				
Intergovernmental receivable				
Permanently restricted:				-
Investments				
Dther				
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	\$	\$	\$

ASSETS

S OF	DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES:		
ERRE OWS DURCE	Other		
	Other	 	
⊔S⊾	TOTAL DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	\$ \$	\$ \$

TOTAL ASSETS AND DEFERRED OUTFLOWS	,		
OF RESOURCES	\$	\$ \$	\$
•			

* Deferred charges line item no longer in use.

ASSETS ANI	D DEFERRED O	UTFLOWS OF F	RESOURCES		
	Major #4	Major #5	Permanent	Other Governmental	Total
ASSETS:			Fund	Funds	Government Funds
Cash and cash equivalents					
Investments					
Receivables (net of allowance for uncollectibles)					
Due from other governments					
Due from other funds					
Inventories					
Prepaids					
Deferred charges* Restricted assets: Temporarily restricted:					
Cash and cash equivalents					
Investments					
Intergovernmental receivable					
Permanently restricted:		1	1	1	
Investments					
Other					
Other					
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$

RED NS OF RCES	DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES:			
	Other			
	Other			
ŌĽ	TOTAL DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES .	\$ \$	\$ \$	\$

TOTAL ASSETS AND DEFERRED	¢	¢	¢	¢	¢
OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	φ	Φ	Φ	Φ	Φ

* Deferred charges line item no longer in use.

BALANCE SHEET - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

LIABILITIES

FUND BALANCE

			Major #1	Major #2	Major #3
ľ	LIABILITIES:	General			
,	Accounts payable				
ſ	Due to other governments				
ſ	Due to other funds			_	
ſ	Unearned revenue				
ſ	Funds held in fiduciary				
(Other				
	Other TOTAL LIABILITIES	\$	\$	\$	\$
	DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES:				
ι	Jnavailable revenue				
	Dther				
	Dther				
	TOTAL DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES		\$	\$	\$
٦	TOTAL LIABILITIES AND DEFERRED				
	TOTAL LIABILITIES AND DEFERRED NFLOWS OF RESOURCES	\$	\$	\$	\$
		\$	\$	\$	\$
	NFLOWS OF RESOURCES	\$ BALANCE (AND		\$	\$
1	NFLOWS OF RESOURCES			\$	\$
l F	NFLOWS OF RESOURCES FUND FUND BALANCE:			\$	\$
l F	NFLOWS OF RESOURCES			\$	\$
F N	NFLOWS OF RESOURCES FUND FUND BALANCE: Nonspendable - not in spendable form			\$	\$
F N	NFLOWS OF RESOURCES FUND FUND BALANCE:			\$	\$
F N	NFLOWS OF RESOURCES FUND FUND BALANCE: Nonspendable - not in spendable form			\$	\$
F N	NFLOWS OF RESOURCES FUND FUND BALANCE: Nonspendable - not in spendable form			\$	\$
I F N	NFLOWS OF RESOURCES FUND FUND BALANCE: Nonspendable - not in spendable form			\$	\$
I F N	NFLOWS OF RESOURCES FUND FUND BALANCE: Nonspendable - not in spendable form			\$	\$
F F C	NFLOWS OF RESOURCES FUND FUND BALANCE: Nonspendable - not in spendable form			\$	\$
F F	NFLOWS OF RESOURCES FUND FUND BALANCE: Nonspendable - not in spendable form			\$	\$
F F C	NFLOWS OF RESOURCES FUND FUND BALANCE: Nonspendable - not in spendable form			\$	

TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF S S S S S S					
RESOURCES & FUND BALANCE ψ^{Φ}	TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF	¢	¢	¢	¢
	RESOURCES & FUND BALANCE	φ	φ	Φ	Φ

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BALANCE SHEET - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

	LIABILITIES:	Major #4	Major #5	Permanent Fund	Other Governmental Funds	Total Government Funds
	Accounts payable					
	Due to other governments					
	Due to other funds					
	Unearned revenue					
	Funds held as fiduciary					
	Other					
	Other					
	TOTAL LIABILITIES	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
OF RESOURCES	OtherOther Other TOTAL DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES		\$	\$	\$	\$
	TOTAL LIABILITIES AND DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
		JND BALANC	E (AND DEFICI	Г)		
	FUND BALANCE:					
	Nonspendable - not in spendable form					
	Nonspendable - requirement to maintain intact					
	····					
	Restricted fund balance					

Restricted fund balance					
Committed fund balance	L				
Assigned fund balance					
Unassigned fund balance		\$	\$	\$	\$
TOTAL FUND BALANCE	•	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Ŷ	Ý	· ·

ECONCILIATION OF THE BALANCE SHEET OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF	NET POSITION
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:	
Internal service funds are used by management to charge certain costs to county departments and employees. The assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources of the internal service funds are included in governmental activities in the STATEMENT OF NET POSITION	
Capital assets used in government activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds	
Other	
NET POSITION OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES	\$

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County of ___

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

For the Year Ended December 31, 2023

REVENUES:		Major #1	Major #2	Major #3
Taxes:	Genera	al		
Real estate tax				
Per capita tax				
Occupation tax				
Hotel room rental tax				
Sales tax				
Other				
Other				
TOTAL TAXES	\$	\$	\$	\$
ntergovernmental Revenues:				
Federal				
State				
Local government units				
Combination				
	¢	\$	\$	\$
TOTAL INTERGOVERNMENTAL REVENUES				
TOTAL INTERGOVERNMENTAL REVENUES	· · · ·			
TOTAL INTERGOVERNMENTAL REVENUES				
TOTAL INTERGOVERNMENTAL REVENUES				
Charges for Service				
Charges for Service				
Charges for Service				
Charges for Service Viscellaneous Revenues: Interest earnings Rents Private contributions and donations				
Charges for Service Miscellaneous Revenues: Interest earnings Rents Private contributions and donations Other				
Viscellaneous Revenues: Interest earnings Rents Private contributions and donations Other Other				\$
Charges for Service Miscellaneous Revenues: Interest earnings Rents Private contributions and donations Other		\$	\$	\$

REVENUES:	Major #4	Major #5	Permanent	Other Governmental	Total Government
Taxes:			Fund	Funds	Funds
Real estate tax					
Per capita tax					
Occupation tax					
Hotel room rental tax					
Sales tax					
Other					
Other					
TOTAL TAXES	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Intergovernmental Revenues:				1	
Federal					
State					
Local government units					
Combination					
TOTAL INTERGOVERNMENTAL REVENUES	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
					1
Charges for Service					
Miscellaneous Revenues:					
Interest earnings					
Rents					
Private contributions and donations					
Other					
Other	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
TOTAL MISCELLANEOUS REVENUES	÷	*	*	· ·	▼
TOTAL REVENUES	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$

		Major #1	Major #2	Major #3
EXPENDITURES:	General			
General government - administrative				
General government - judicial				
Public safety				
Corrections				
Highways and streets				
Sanitation				
Health and welfare				
Culture - recreation				
Conservation				
Community/urban redevelopment and housing				
Economic development and assistance				
Economic opportunity				
Debt service				
Capital outlay				
Other				
Other				
	2	\$	\$	\$

OTHER FINANCING SOURCES/(USES):		1	1	
Interfund operating transfers			 	
Sale of capital assets			 	
Long-term debt issued			 	
Payment on advanced refunding of debt			 	
Other				
Other			 	
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES/(USE	C	\$	\$ \$	

CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	\$ \$	\$ \$
FUND BALANCE (DEFICIT) - BEGINNING OF YEAR		
PRIOR PERIOD ADJUSTMENT		
FUND BALANCE (DEFICIT) - END OF YEAR	\$ \$	\$ \$

XPENDITURES:	Major #4	Major #5	Permanent Fund	Other Governmental Funds	Total Government Funds
Г					T unuo
General government - administrative					
General government - judicial					
Public safety					
Corrections					
Highways and streets					
Sanitation					
Health and welfare					
Culture - recreation					
Conservation					
Community/urban redevelopment and housing					
Economic development and assistance					
Economic opportunity					
Debt service					
Capital outlay					
Other					
Other					
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$

	OTHER FINANCING SOURCES/(USES):		Ι	
<u>0</u>	Interfund operating transfers			
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES/(USES)	Sale of capital assets			
NAN S/(U	Long-term debt issued			
R FI RCE	Payment on advanced refunding of debt			
ΞĐ	Other	 		
<u>°</u> 0	Other	 		
	TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES/(USES)	\$ \$	\$	\$ \$

CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	\$ \$	\$ \$	\$
FUND BALANCE (DEFICIT) - BEGINNING OF YEAR			
PRIOR PERIOD ADJUSTMENT			
FUND BALANCE (DEFICIT) - END OF YEAR	\$ \$	\$ \$	\$
TOND DALANCE (DEFICIT) - END OF TEAK			

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County of ____

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

For the Year Ended December 31, 2023

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:		
Net changes in fund balance (deficit) - total governmental funds		
The net revenue (expense) of certain activities of the internal services fund is reported with governmental activ	vities	
The issuance of long-term debt (e.g. bonds, leases) provides current financial resources to governmental unds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net position. Additionally, various other ong-term liabilities and deferred inflows do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore are expenditures in governmental funds. This amount is the net effect of the differences in the treatment of ong-term liabilities and deferred inflows on the statement of activities.	·	as
The difference in the change in net position between full accrual accounting and modified accrual accounting s due to differing revenue recognition criteria between the two accounting methods		
The difference in the change in net position between full accrual accounting and modified accrual accounting s due to differing expenditure recognition criteria between the two accounting methods		
The net effect of various transactions involving capital assets, (i.e. purchases, disposals, etc.) s to increase net position		
Dther	<u> </u>	
Dther	<u>.</u>	
Dther		
CHANGE IN NET POSITION OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES	\$	

County of _

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

PROPRIETARY FUNDS

Assets and Deferred Outflows of Resources

December 31, 2023

	BUSINESS - TYPE ACTIVITIES - PROPRIETARY FUN				
	Major Ent. #1	Major Ent. #2	Major Ent. #3	Major Ent. #4	
CURRENT ASSETS:					
Cash and cash equivalents					
Investments					
Receivables (net of allowance for uncollectibles)					
Due from other governments					
Due from other funds					
Inventories					
Prepaids					
Deferred charges	\geq		\geq	>	
Restricted assets: Temporarily restricted:		1		ſ	
Cash or cash equivalents					
Investments					
Intergovernmental receivable					
Other					
Other					
TOTAL CURRENT ASSETS	\$	\$	\$	\$	
Capital assets not being depreciated: Land Construction in progress Capital assets net of accumulated depreciation: Buildings and system Improvements other than buildings Machinery and equipment Infrastructure Other		\$	\$	\$	
TOTAL NON-CURRENT ASSETS	Ŧ	Ţ	· ·	Ŧ	
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	\$	\$	\$	
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES:		1		1	
Deferred amount on debt refundings					
Deferrals related to pensions					
Other					
TOTAL DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	\$	\$	\$	\$	
TOTAL ASSETS AND DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	\$	\$	\$	\$	

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION - PROPRIETARY FUNDS

	Major Ent. #5	Other	Tatal	
CURRENT ASSETS:		Enterprise Funds	Total Enterprise Funds	Internal Service Fund
Cash and cash equivalents				
Investments				
Receivables (net of allowance for uncollectibles)				
Due from other governments				
Due from other funds				
Inventories				
Prepaids				
Deferred charges				
Restricted assets:				
Temporarily restricted:				
Cash or cash equivalents				
Investments				
Intergovernmental receivable				
Other				
Other				
TOTAL CURRENT ASSETS	\$	\$	\$	\$
NON-CURRENT ASSETS: Permanently restricted:				
Investments				
Capital assets not being depreciated:		<u> </u>	<u> </u>	·
Land				
Construction in progress				
Capital assets net of accumulated depreciation:				
Buildings and system				
Improvements other than buildings				
Machinery and equipment				
Infrastructure				
Other				
Other				
TOTAL NON-CURRENT ASSETS		\$	\$	\$
			1	
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	\$	\$	\$
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES:				
Deferred amount on debt refundings			+	
Deferrals related to pensions				
		1	1	1
Other	\$	\$	\$	\$

	LIABILITIES AND D		WS OF RESOURC	ES				
		BUSINESS - TYPE ACTIVITIES - PROPRIETARY FUNDS						
		Major Ent. #1	Major Ent. #2	Major Ent. #3	Major Ent. #4			
	CURRENT LIABILITIES:							
	Accounts payable							
	Due to other governments							
	Due to other funds							
	Unearned revenue							
	Funds held as fiduciary							
	Debt due within one year							
	Other current liabilities							
	Other							
	Other							
	TOTAL CURRENT LIABILITIES		\$	\$	\$			
	NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES:							
	Debt due in more than one year							
	Other non-current liabilities							
	Other							
	Other							
	TOTAL NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES	\$	\$	\$	\$			
	TOTAL LIABILITIES	\$	\$	\$	\$			
	DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES:							
ES ES	Deferred amount on debt refundings							
WS	Deferrals related to pensions							
FLO	Other							
22	TOTAL DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	\$	\$	\$	\$			
	TOTAL LIABILITIES AND DEFERRED	\$	¢	¢	¢			
	INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	Φ	\$	\$	\$			
	NET POSITION:							
	Net investment in capital assets							
	Restricted							
	Unrestricted	\$	\$	\$	\$			
	TOTAL NET POSITION	Ψ	Ψ	Ψ	Ψ			
_								
	TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS	\$	\$	\$	\$			
	OF RESOURCES AND NET POSITION							

	LIABILITIES AND DI		WS OF RESOURC	ES	
		BUSINESS - TYPE	ACTIVITIES - PROF	PRIETARY FUNDS	GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES
	CURRENT LIABILITIES:	Major Ent. #5 	Other Enterprise Funds	Total Enterprise Funds	Internal Service Fund
	Accounts payable Due to other governments Due to other funds Unearned revenue Funds held as fiduciary Debt due within one year Other current liabilities Other Other TOTAL CURRENT LIABILITIES Debt due in more than one year Other Other non-current liabilities Other	\$	\$	\$	\$
NON-CURF	Other		\$	\$	\$
	TOTAL LIABILITIES	\$	\$	\$	\$
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES: Deferred amount on debt refundings Deferrals related to pensions Other TOTAL DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES		\$	\$	\$
		\$	\$	\$	\$
NET POSITION	NET POSITION: Net investment in capital assets Restricted Unrestricted TOTAL NET POSITION		\$	\$	\$
	TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND NET POSITION	\$	\$	\$	\$
	Adjustments to reflect the consolidation of inte activities related to enterprise funds				
	Net Position of Business-type Activities			\$	

County of _

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION -

Proprietary Funds

For the Year Ended December 31, 2023

	BUSINE	ESS - TYPE ACTIVIT	IES - PROPRIETAR	Y FUNDS
	Major Ent. #1	Major Ent. #2	Major Ent. #3	Major Ent. #4
OPERATING REVENUES:				
Charges for service				
Operating grants				
Other				
Other				
	\$	\$	\$	\$
OPERATING EXPENSES:				
Personnel services				
Contracted services				
Supplies and materials				
Utilities				
Other services and charges				
Depreciation and amortization				
Other				
TOTAL OPERATING EXPENSES	•	\$	\$	\$
OPERATING INCOME / (LOSS)	\$	\$	\$	\$
	\$	\$	\$	\$
NONOPERATING REVENUES/(EXPENSES):		\$	\$	\$
NONOPERATING REVENUES/(EXPENSES):		\$	\$	\$
NONOPERATING REVENUES/(EXPENSES): Intergovernmental		\$	\$	\$
NONOPERATING REVENUES/(EXPENSES):		\$	\$	\$
NONOPERATING REVENUES/(EXPENSES):		\$	\$	\$
NONOPERATING REVENUES/(EXPENSES): Intergovernmental Investment earnings Interest expense Gain/(loss) on sale of assets Other		\$	\$	\$
NONOPERATING REVENUES/(EXPENSES): Intergovernmental Investment earnings Interest expense Gain/(loss) on sale of assets		\$	\$	\$
NONOPERATING REVENUES/(EXPENSES): Intergovernmental Investment earnings Interest expense Gain/(loss) on sale of assets Other Other Other		\$	\$ \$	\$
NONOPERATING REVENUES/(EXPENSES): Intergovernmental Investment earnings Interest expense Gain/(loss) on sale of assets Other				
NONOPERATING REVENUES/(EXPENSES): Intergovernmental Investment earnings Investment earnings Interest expense Gain/(loss) on sale of assets Other Other Other Other TOTAL NONOPERATING REVENUES/(EXPENSES)	\$			
NONOPERATING REVENUES/(EXPENSES): Intergovernmental Investment earnings Interest expense Gain/(loss) on sale of assets Other	\$			
NONOPERATING REVENUES/(EXPENSES): Intergovernmental Investment earnings Investment earnings Interest expense Gain/(loss) on sale of assets Other Other Other Other TOTAL NONOPERATING REVENUES/(EXPENSES)	\$			
NONOPERATING REVENUES/(EXPENSES): Intergovernmental Investment earnings Interest expense Gain/(loss) on sale of assets Other	\$			
NONOPERATING REVENUES/(EXPENSES): Intergovernmental Investment earnings Interest expense Gain/(loss) on sale of assets Other Other Other Other TOTAL NONOPERATING REVENUES/(EXPENSES) CAPITAL CONTRIBUTIONS	\$	\$	\$	\$
NONOPERATING REVENUES/(EXPENSES): Intergovernmental Investment earnings Interest expense Gain/(loss) on sale of assets Other	\$	\$	\$	\$
NONOPERATING REVENUES/(EXPENSES): Intergovernmental Investment earnings Interest expense Gain/(loss) on sale of assets Other	\$ \$	\$	\$	\$
NONOPERATING REVENUES/(EXPENSES): Intergovernmental Investment earnings Interest expense Gain/(loss) on sale of assets Other	\$ \$	\$	\$	\$

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION - PROPRIETARY FUNDS

OPERATING REVENUES

OPERATING EXPENSES

					GOVERNMENTAL
S		BUSINESS - TYPE	ACTIVITIES - PROI	PRIETARY FUNDS	ACTIVITIES
OPERATING REVENUES		Major Ent. #5	Other	_	Internal
Ne N	OPERATING REVENUES:		Enterprise Funds	Enterprise Total	Service Fund
RE	of Eranno Reveroes.		i unus	Total	
NG NG	Charges for service				
ATI	Operating grants				
ER	Other				
ö	Other	<u>~</u>	¢	¢	
	TOTAL OPERATING REVENUES	Þ	\$	\$	\$
	OPERATING EXPENSES:				
	Personnel services				
S	Contracted services				
EXPENSES	Supplies and materials				
ЪШ	Repairs and maintenance				
EX	Utilities				
5NG	Other services and charges				
RAT	Depreciation and amortization				
OPERATING	Other				
ō	Other				
	TOTAL OPERATING EXPENSES	^	\$	\$	\$
		\$	\$	\$	\$
	OPERATING INCOME / (LOSS)				·
	NONOPERATING REVENUES/(EXPENSES):				
ŝ	Intergovernmental				
S S S	Investment earnings				
	Interest expense				
OPERATING ES/(EXPENSES)	Gain/(loss) on sale of assets				
	Other				
NON /ENU	Other				
REV_	Other				
	TOTAL NONOPERATING REVENUES/(EXPENSES)	\$	\$	\$	\$
	CAPITAL CONTRIBUTIONS				
	TRANSFERS IN/(OUT)				
			¢	¢	¢
	CHANGE IN NET POSITION	\$	\$	\$	\$
	NET POSITION - BEGINNING OF YEAR			\geq	
	PRIOR PERIOD ADJUSTMENT				
	NET POSITION - END OF YEAR	\$	\$	\$	\$
	Adjustments to reflect the consolidation of internal service		to enternrise funds		<u>. </u>
	Change in Net Position of Business-type Activities			\$	
				φ	1

County of _

Assets and Deferred Outflows of Resources

STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION

Fiduciary Funds | December 31, 2023

		Fiduciary #1	Fiduciary #2	Fiduciary #3	Fiduciary #4	Fiduciary #5
	ASSETS:					
	Cash and cash equivalents					
	Receivables					
	Investments, at fair value					
	Due from other funds					
0	Restricted assets:					
400E	Temporarily restricted:		1		1	
<	Cash and cash equivalents					
	Investments					
	Intergovernmental receivable					
	Permanently restricted:					
	Investments					
	Other					
	TOTAL ASSETS	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
J S S S	DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES:					
NOR NOR NOR	Other					
	Other					
,9 <u></u> ,	TOTAL DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
			1		1	
	TOTAL ASSETS AND DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Liabili	ities and Deferred Inflows of Resources					
	LIABILITIES:					
	Accounts payable and other current liabilities					
	Due to other funds					
i i	Due to other governments					
	Funds held as fiduciary					
1	Other					
	TOTAL LIABILITIES	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
μŭ	DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES:	r	I		I	
INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	Other					
NOC NO	Other					
IN NO IN	TOTAL DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
				-		
	TOTAL LIABILITIES AND DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
	NET POSITION:					
	Assets held in trust for pension/other postemployment benefits					
8	Other					
	Other · ·					
	TOTAL NET POSITION		\$	\$	\$	\$
		- I				
	TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS					
	OF RESOURCES AND NET POSITION	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$

County of ____

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION

Fiduciary Funds

December 31, 2023

	Fiduciary #1	Fiduciary #2	Fiduciary #3	Fiduciary #4	Fiduciary #5
ADDITIONS: Contributions:					
Employer					
Plan members					
Private donations					
Other					
Other					
TOTAL CONTRIBUTIONS	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Investment Earnings:			1		1
Interest					
Net increase/(decrease) in the fair value of investments					
Other					
TOTAL INVESTMENT EARNINGS	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Less investment expenses					
Less investment expenses					

DEDUCTIONS: Benefits Administrative expenses Other Other Other Other Other Other S \$

CHANGE IN NET POSITION	\$ \$	\$ \$	\$
NET POSITION - BEGINNING OF YEAR			
PRIOR PERIOD ADJUSTMENT			
NET POSITION - END OF YEAR	\$ \$	\$ \$	\$

DEDUCTIONS

DEBT STATEMENT

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0
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Original Amount	of Issue
Maturity	Date (year)
Issue Date	(year)
Bond (B)	Note (N)

	Beginning or	OT ISSUE
Jul	Reginning of	of leene
	Outstanding	Original Amount
	:	

	Principal Paid	Current Yea
	This Vaar	Accretion of
()	Cor	Compound Interest

	Principal Paid	Current Year	Out
is	This Year	Accretion of	۶
ns)	Com	Compound Interest Bonds	

Purpose	Bond (B) Note (N)	lssue Date (year)	Bond (B) Issue Date Maturity Note (N) (year) Date (year)	Original Amount of Issue	Outstanding Beginning of Year	Principal Incurred This Year (Additions)	Principal Paid This Year Comp	id Current Year Accretion of Compound Interest Bonds	Outstanding Year End Is
GENERAL OBLIGATION BONDS AND NOTES	ND NOTES								
REVENUE BONDS AND NOTES									
LEASE RENTAL DEBT/CAPITAL LEASES	EASES								
OTHER									
GUARANTI	EED DEBT	SECTION (GUARANTEED DEBT SECTION (Optional Information)	rmation)		Total bonds and notes outstanding*	s outstanding*	€ ≯	
If you have a GAAP basis financial statement with footnotes, please	sial statemen	nt with footn		provide the information below.		Capitalized lease obligations			

θ :

Plus (less) Unamortized Premium (Discount)

of which \$

aggregate guaranteed debt

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*Debt that is guaranteed by the County (if any) is reported above.

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NET DEBT

* excludes unamortized premium/discount

*The aggregate guaranteed debt amount (first line) in the "Optional Information" section should include any amount of debt guaranteed by the county. If providing this information, please include related amounts reported in the "Debt Statement," if any. Do not include debt payments that are incurred and paid off within the same fiscal year or other items, such as workers' compensation, other postemployment benefits, self-insurance, claim liabilities, compensated absences, etc.

2023 COUNTY ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT | DEBT STATEMENT

STATEMENT OF CAPITAL ADDITIONS

GOVERNMENTAL-TYPE ACTIVITY:	Total Capital Additions (excluding donati
General government - administrative	
General government - judicial	
Public safety:	· · · · · · · ·
Corrections	
Police	
Fire	
Emergency services	
Other	· · •
Highways and streets	
Other Health and welfare	
Culture - recreation	
Community/urban redevelopment and housing	
Economic development and assistance	
Other	
Total Government-Type Activity Additions	· · · · · · · · ·
BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITY:	
Major Bus. Type 1	· ·
Major Bus. Type 2	· ·
Major Bus. Type 3	
Major Bus. Type 4	
Major Bus. Type 5	
Other Business Type:	
Airport (if not listed above)	
Parking facility (if not listed above)	
Transportation system (if not listed above)	
Other	
Other	
Total Business-Type Activity Additions	
	2

EMPLOYEE COMPENSATION

\$

Total salaries, wages, commission, etc. paid this year (including all employees and elected officials)*

*Use income from box 16 of the W-3 Statement.

ELECTED CONTROLLER'S/AUDITOR'S* CERTIFIED OPINION

To the: Governing Body of the County President Judge of the Court of Common Pleas Secretary of the Department of Community & Economic Development

I/We* the undersigned, the duly elected (or appointed replacement) and acting Controller/Auditors* of the County of ______ have audited, adjusted and settled the accounts of the County of ______ for the year ended December 31, 2023. My/Our* audit, adjustment, and settlement was made in accordance with Act 103 of 2002 rather than with U.S. generally accepted auditing standards.

The County has prepared these financial statements on bases of accounting consistent with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles, consisting of the accrual basis for the government-wide, proprietary fund and fiduciary fund financial statements and the modified accrual basis for the governmental fund financial statements.

Due to the absence of notes and other disclosures required by U.S. generally accepted accounting principles, these financial statements are not intended to be a complete presentation in accordance with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles.

In my/our* opinion, these financial statements accurately reflect the results of operations and the financial position of the County of ______ for the year ended December 31, 2023.

SIGNATURE AND VERIFICATION

igned**:	(Print Name)
	(Print Name)
	(Print Name)
ontact Phone Number: ()	
ontact Phone Number: () Notary Only	
Notary Only	

Independent Public Accountants and Certified Public Accountants may submit opinions resulting from such audits in lieu of this page. As a result of the exclusion of required U.S. GAAP footnotes, cash flow statements and other information, in accordance with AICPA AU-C Section 800, these financial statements constitute special purpose financial statements prepared in accordance with a regulatory special purpose framework and this basis should be referred to as such in audit opinions on the statements comprising the DCED County Annual Financial Report.

Counties are encouraged to have financial statement audits performed in accordance with Generally Accepted Auditing Standards, developed by the AICPA or the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Controllers may submit opinions resulting from such audits in lieu of this page.

**Must be signed by the controller or at least 2 of the 3 elected auditors and affixed with either a notary or county seal